

Meeting title:	Trust Board	Public Trust Board paper L			
Date of the meeting:	10 th August 2023				
Title:	Infection Prevention Board Assurance Framework				
Report presented by:	Julie Hogg, Chief Nurse				
Report written by:	Elizabeth Collins, Lead Nurse Infection Prevention				
Action – this paper is for:	Decision/Approval		Assurance	x	Update
Where this report has been discussed previously	Patient safety committee Quality Committee				

To your knowledge, does the report provide assurance or mitigate any significant risks? If yes, please detail which

Impact assessment

None to date

Acronyms used:
 BAF Board Assurance Framework
 UKHSA United Kingdom Health Security Agency
 IP Infection Prevention
 CQC Care Quality Commission
 NHSE National Health Service England
 NCS National Cleaning Standards

Purpose of the Report

To ensure the Committee is sighted to the revised Board Assurance Framework excel workbook / document

Recommendation

The committee is asked to:

- Receive and note this latest report detailing our compliance with the Infection Prevention Board Assurance Framework excel workbook
- Be assured that this is being implemented and monitoring has commenced within the Trust
- To note the BAF will be incorporated into the overarching Quarterly UHL Infection Prevention (IP) Framework for future reporting and this will be submitted quarterly to the Quality Committee
- To note the areas where we are non-compliant and our plans to address these
- To be assured that an external audit has been commissioned to validate our self-assessment
- To be advised that we have an NHSE peer review of infection prevention scheduled in August 2023

Summary

The Board Assurance Framework (BAF) was developed by the office of the National Chief Nurse to support all healthcare providers to effectively self-assess their compliance with the United Kingdom Health Security Agency (UKHSA) Infection Prevention and Control for seasonal respiratory infections in health and care settings (including SARS-CoV-2) document.

This report provides assurance that a process for its use has been developed within UHL and regular reports will be presented to the Committee. Our overall compliance with the 10 criteria is as follows:

Compliance	Number	%
Not applicable	41	26.8
Non-compliant	7	4.6
Partially compliant	69	45.1
Compliant	36	23.5
Total	153	100

Main report detail

The BAF has been designed as a framework for providing evidence and as an improvement tool to optimise actions and interventions to prevent the spread of infection in the acute hospital setting. This revised version was issued in April 2023

The framework is not mandatory but was developed to help providers assess themselves, as a source of internal assurance, as to whether quality standards were being maintained. It was designed to also help organisations identify any areas of risk and show the corrective actions taken in response. The tool, therefore, can also provide assurance to organisational boards that organisational compliance has been systematically reviewed

It is also to enable organisations to provide Trust Board assurance that there are robust risk assessment processes in place and these are central to protecting the health, safety and welfare of patients and staff. This is legislated within The Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 and the Code of Practice on the Prevention and Control of Infection which links directly to Regulation 12 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014

The National Infection Prevention and Control Board Assurance Framework (IPC BAF) has been published on the NHS England web site and can be accessed via this link: <https://www.england.nhs.uk/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/nipc-board-assurance-framework.xlsx>

For many years a comprehensive assurance Infection Prevention 'Toolkit' including the Annual Infection Prevention Programme for Wards/Dept, Health and Social Care Act (HASCAT) self-assessment Tool and CQC check list has been produced to provide oversight to the CMGs and Trust Board as to the comprehensive remit of IP within the organisation. Indeed we were commended on this 'toolkit' by NHSE and asked to share this with other organisations which of course we were delighted to do.

The recently produced NHSE BAF was developed using a framework very similar to that already used within our Trust for all English Organisations who may not have already had this in place, hence the direction that this was not compulsory. The CQC however have indicated that they will expect to see this tool in use and as there are revised sections included which have new lines of enquiry and we have decided to include the BAF within the UHL 'Toolkit' and produce a document with applicable tabs where everything in one framework in order to prevent colleagues having multiple documents to complete.

The document is organised into 10 sections which mirror the section headings within the Health and Social Care Act Code of Practise for Infection Prevention. Pie Charts and Bar Graph tabs provide a visual tool to aid the

review process and provide either assurance for colleagues or provide focus for direct actions and work streams where exceptions may exist.

The red rated exceptions are currently identified within:

Section 2 relates to the National Cleaning Standards (NCS) and work streams are on-going via an NCS Task and Finish Group.

Section 4 relates to An IP Communication Strategy and this is due for completion during Quarter 2.

Clear plans are in place for both areas.

Next Steps

We will re-name this the UHL Infection Prevention Framework incorporating the 'Toolkit'. We propose to do this for a year to enable colleagues to get used to the new format and thereafter this will become the UHL IP Framework.

A full review of the Framework will be undertaken once populated with Quarter 1 data and actions will be supported by the Trust Infection Prevention Operational Group and presented quarterly to the Trust Infection Prevention Assurance Committee.

Actions for the non-compliant criteria are as follows. Timelines for partially compliant action are in development and will be overseen by TIPAC.

Criterion	Action required	By Whom	By When	RAG
2.1	NCS task and finish meeting is progressing actions required within the designated timelines	NCS working group	06.10.2023	
4.1	IP communication strategy is agreed via TIPAC annually	Head of Communications	6.10.2023	

Supporting documentation

Board Assurance Framework links to the full UHL excel spread sheet/document



UHL-board-assuranc
e-framework UHL Jul

(copy attached)



National Infection Prevention and Control Board Assurance Framework

Version 1.0 March 2023

Publication approval reference:

Introduction



The National Infection Prevention and Control board assurance framework ('the framework') is issued by NHS England for use by organisations to enable them to respond using an evidence-based approach to maintain the safety of patients, services users, staff and others. The framework is for use by all those involved in care provision in England and can be used to provide assurance in NHS settings or settings where NHS services are delivered. This framework is not compulsory but should be used by organisations to ensure compliance with infection prevention and control (IPC) standards (unless alternative internal assurance mechanisms are in place).

The purpose of the framework is to provide an assurance structure for boards against which the system can effectively self-assess compliance with the measures set out in the National Infection Prevention and Control Manual ([NIPCM](#)), the [Health and Social Care Act 2008: code of practice on the prevention and control of infections](#), and other related disease-specific infection prevention and control guidance issued by UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA).

The aim of this document is to identify risks associated with infectious agents and outline a corresponding systematic framework of mitigation measures.

The framework should be used to assure the executive board or equivalent, directors of infection prevention and control, medical directors, and directors of nursing of the assessment of the measures taken in line with the evidence based recommendations of the [NIPCM](#) (or whilst the NIPCM is being implemented) including the relevant criterion outlined in the [Health and Social Care Act 2008: code of practice on the prevention and control of infections](#). The outcomes can be used to provide evidence to support improvement and patient safety. The adoption and implementation of this framework remains the responsibility of the **organisation and all registered care providers** must demonstrate compliance with the [Health and Social Care Act 2008](#). This requires demonstration of compliance with the ten criteria outlined.

If the criterion is not applicable within an organisation or setting for example, ambulance services then select not applicable option.

Links

[NHS England » National infection prevention and control manual \(NIPCM\) for England](#)

[Health and Social Care Act 2008: code of practice on the prevention and control of infections - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

Legislative framework

The legislative framework required to protect patients, service users, staff and others from avoidable harm in a healthcare setting is detailed in [the Health and Social Care Act 2008: code of practice on the prevention and control of infections](#), the duty of care and responsibilities are set out in the [Health and Safety at Work Act 1974](#), and associated regulations for employers and employees.

Local risk assessment processes are central to protecting the health, safety and welfare of patients, service users, staff and others under relevant legislation. This risk assessment process ([primary care, community care and outpatient settings](#), [acute inpatient areas](#), and [primary and community care dental settings](#)) has been designed to support services in identifying hazards and risks, and includes guidance on measures that should be maintained to improve and provide safer ways of working by balancing risks appropriately. Where it is not possible to eliminate risk, organisations must assess and mitigate risk and provide safe systems of work using the risk assessment process and the organisation's governance processes.

Links

[Health and Social Care Act 2008: code of practice on the prevention](#)

[Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974](#)

[Primary care, community care and outpatient settings](#)

[Acute Inpatient areas](#)

[Primary and community care dental settings](#)



Instructions for use

The adoption and implementation of the National Infection Prevention and Control Board Assurance Framework remains **the responsibility of the organisation and all registered care providers** must demonstrate compliance with the Health and Social Care Act 2008. This requires demonstration of compliance with the ten criteria outlined in the Act.

The Board Assurance Framework worksheet is ordered by the ten criteria of the Act and allows for evidence of compliance, gaps in compliance, mitigations, and comments to be recorded in a text format.

The compliance rating column allows for the selection of a RAG rating for each criteria using a drop down list. Specifically: not applicable, non-compliant, partially compliant, compliant.

Once options have been selected a summary plot for each criteria is generated automatically, which are displayed in the corresponding worksheet. The overall RAG status for an organisation/provider across all ten criteria is shown in plots under the summary worksheet.

N.B. Use of the framework is **not compulsory** but should be used by organisations to ensure compliance with infection prevention and control (IPC) standards (unless alternative internal assurance mechanisms are in place). In addition, not all of the criteria outlined in the framework will be relevant or applicable to all organisations or settings.

Please note: Specific URL's referred to in the document can be accessed via the 'Hyperlinks included in the BAF' tab. Or alternatively, can be accessed by clicking

Links

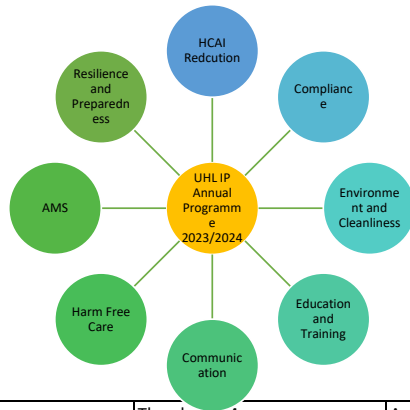


Section 1	
1.2	NICE QS 61
1.4	NIPCM
1.5	NICE Guidance QS 49
1.6	NIPCM
	Primary care, community care and outpatient settings,
1.8	Acute inpatient areas
	Primary and community care dental settings
Section 2	
2.1	National cleanliness standards
2.2	Patient-Led Assessments of the Care Environment (PLACE)
2.4.1	HTM:03-01
2.4.2	HTM:04-01
2.5	HBN:00-09
2.6	HTM:01-04
	NIPCM
2.7	HTM:07-01
	HTM:01-01
2.8	HTM:01-05
	HTM:01-06
Section 3	
3.2	UK AMR National Action Plan
3.3	UK AMR National Action Plan.
	NICE Guideline NG15
3.4	TARGET
	Start Smart, Then Focus
Section 5	
5	NIPCM
Section 6	
6.2	Roles and responsibilities
Section 7	
7	NIPCM
Section 9	
	UKHSA
9	A to Z Pathogen
	NIPCM



Definitions

NIPCM	National Infection Prevention & Control Manual
HTM	Health Technical Memorandum
HBN	Health Building



UHL BAF Ref	Programme indicator	Threshold/Measure	Action	Lead Responsibility	Assurance
1.1	CMG IPN/Ward Managers can provide evidence of collaborative working with IP link staff	Every ward/dept has an identified IP link staff worker.	The IP register for the Ward/Dept link worker staff has been checked and updated accordingly	Ward/Dept Manager	Central IP register
1.2	MRSA Annual UHL objective 2023/24 : 0 cases Monitoring of CMG cases against UHL trajectory	0 cases, Monthly reporting via Quality & Performance report to EQB, QOC and Trust Board if required	Report submitted to EQB/QOC	IPT Lead	Reports available
1.3	IP DATIX reports of non-compliance with IP policy to be reviewed on a by on a quarterly basis.	Report/findings to be presented to CMG IPOG meetings by CMG IPN. Datix reports as a standard agenda item at IPOG/CC/Ward/Dept meetings to discuss and review	CMG Datix discussed and reviewed at IPOG	CMG Infection Prevention Leads	action points/discussion notes
1.4	Audit compliance with Urinary Catheterisation care bundle/vascular access care bundle/HH/MRSA screening/IP standard precautions and feedback results to staff responsible for care delivery and management audit 2023/2024	Implement actions for improvement in areas of <90% compliance and feedback to IP lead. Standard Item agenda at CMG IPOG/CC/Ward/Dept meetings	CMG Audit Summaries are discussed in IPOG meetings	CMG Infection Prevention Leads	action points/discussion notes
1.4	Feedback to staff on IP:Staff are provided with feedback on their performance in relation to infection prevention		Ward/dept Audit Summaries are raised at Ward/Dept meeting	Ward/Dept Manager	Ward/Dept Meeting discussion points
1.5	CDT Annual UHL trajectory 2022/23 91 : cases. Monitoring of CMG cases against UHL trajectory.		Every CDI case reviewed using standard UHL CDI template	IPT Lead	Number of cases reported/case reviews
1.5	CDiff Specialist Nurse to circulate C Diff Infection care pathway summary thematic review quarterly. Discuss review at CMG IP meeting and provide action plan with a named lead if required action	CDT thematic review quarterly. Areas of non-compliance require action plan and sign off at CMGQSB once completed.	CMG Thematic review completed	IPT Lead	CMG Thematic reviews
1.5	MRSA/MSSA bacteraemia (post-2 days) Post infection review (PIR) to be undertaken for each case (follow MRSA/MSSA PIR process flow chart, mandated by the ICBS) action plan completed by the CMG with IP input	Every case reviewed at monthly CMG IPOG meeting, reviewed by CMG, QSB, TIPAC and EQB Quarterly. Standard Item agenda at IPOG/CC/Ward/Dept meetings	CMG MRSA/MSSA BSI Cases are discussed in IPOG meetings	CMG Infection Prevention Leads	action points/discussion notes
2.1	There is evidence of compliance with National cleanliness standards including monitoring and mitigations across all wards/depts	All wards/depts are to ensure compliance with the NSC. Standing agenda item at CC and Ward/Dept meetings.	Ward/dept environmental checklist completed once a quarter.	Ward/Dept Manager	New Environmental Checklist

2.1	CMG to continue to support, in conjunction with facilities colleagues, the Deep Cleaning rolling programme with the use of Hydrogen Peroxide or UV, for wards within UHL. Where areas of non-compliance identified, these should be identified to the CMGQSB	Deep Cleaning programme undertaken where possible, using every opportunity to support this process.	Programme distributed to all CMGs in advance to support completion	Head of Facilities/Domestic Services	Facilities report to TIPAC
2.1	Consistent use of Bedspace cleaning checklists. Checklist to be fully completed and put into the patients notes	Quarterly audit of 10 sets of patient notes. 100% compliance expected. Where non-compliance identified the Ward Manager to ensure action is taken to rectify. Standing agenda item on Ward/Dept meetings	Review 10 sets of notes: check bed space cleaning checklists have been completed. and actions taken accordingly.	Ward/Dept Manager	Audits are available to view
2.1	Domestic Managers to present monthly cleanliness audit scores, to Matrons, Ward Managers, cc to Heads/Deputy Heads of Nursing. Where scores are below 90% provide evidence of remedial action	Audits carried out by Facilities. Action required if <90%. Re-audit weekly until rectified. Report to Domestic Leadership Forum monthly, CMGB/CMGQSB Standing Agenda item at IPOG for 3 star or below rated Wards/Areas	3 star rating areas and Wards/Depts have been discussed and reviewed at IPOG .	CMG Infection Prevention Leads	action points/discussion notes at domestic forum
2.4	Ensure Aspergillus Risk assessments are completed on all building projects including refurbishments prior to work commencing		Evidence of sign off where required	IP Senior Nurse (E&F)	Evidence of sign off
2.4	Ward and Dept Managers to ensure that actions to prevent transmission of Pseudomonas and Legionella to patients are in place. Records of flushing must be kept. The preferred method for doing this is the Compass System available through Facilities. Managers must ensure that they have an adequate number of delegates for this.	All low use water outlets flushed (daily for pseudomonas in augmented care areas/ 3x3 minutes per week for legionella all areas) the definition of low use in non augmented care is any outlet not used 3x3 minutes per week and for augmented care this is daily.	Compass flushing has been undertaken 3 x weekly for 3 minutes and recorded	Ward/Dept Manager	Compass or local retained records available
2.4	Ward and Dept Managers to ensure that actions to prevent transmission of Pseudomonas and Legionella to patients are in place.	Are there separate sinks for hand washing and dirty water. These must be clearly labelled	Include in Enviro check	Ward/Dept Manager	Visual observation
2.4	Domestic colleagues can provide evidence that limescale build up on taps in high risk areas has been reported for action. This action relates to the prevention of Psuedomonas and Legionella infection	Domestic services. Audit quarterly to TIPAC	Taps reported with limescale have been addressed or an remedial plan in place	Head of Facilities/Domestic Services	Process to capture this data to be agreed with Head of Facilities
2.5	Ensure IP sign off for all capital developments for change of use of clinical areas or new works	Evidence of sign off can be provided	Evidence of sign off where required	IP Senior Nurse (E&F)	Evidence of sign off
2.8	Decontamination of Flexible Endoscopes: Flexible endoscopes are decontaminated in accordance with CFPP 01-06	Complete IPS society audit tool bi annually.	Trust wide ward/dept decontamination audit completed in accordance with schedule	Matron	Audit results/report

5.1	Five and A-F risk assessment (available on NerveCentre) is embedded across all areas.	Staff can articulate what the five acronym means and how this is applied	Ask 5 members of staff: Describe the five risk assessment tool and when is it undertaken	Ward/Dept Manager	
5.1	If TB identified in a bay, a review meeting identifies any delays in diagnosis or isolation which may have caused risk to other patients, action plan developed and reviewed		All TB inpatient cases have been managed accordingly	IPT Lead	
5.5	If a suspected or confirmed outbreak has been identified- meeting to be arranged as per outbreak policy process	Alerted via IPT, every confirmed PII episode. IP Team to arrange meeting	Attendance at Outbreak/incident meeting	Ward/Dept Manager	Reports available
5.5	If Period of Increased Incidence (PII) of CDI identified- PII meeting to be arranged as per PIR process		IPT to arrange meeting within 7 days	IPT Lead	
5.5	PIR meetings must be carried out for all confirmed CDI cases. If medical representation is not possible the PIR review must be completed electronically by the lead clinician and returned within 5 working days. Where CDT recorded on Part 1 of a Death Certificate this is to be immediately reported and investigated by IP Team.	Completed reviews available and escalate as SI if required. IP Team to arrange meeting	Attendance at CDI Post Infection Review meeting	Ward/Dept Manager	Completed reports available
6.1	IP mandatory training: Evidence of ward based team compliance (team builder reports) reviewed at CMG IP meeting	Team builder reports for review. Action within 30 days non-compliant staff	All nursing staff have completed IP mandatory training	Ward/Dept Manager	
6.2	There is evidence that IP link staff provide feedback to colleagues from training session and/or local issues	IP is a standing ward/dept meeting agenda item. Which will include feedback from IP link staff.	Summary from IP Link Staff at Ward/Dept meetings	Ward/Dept Manager	Evidence of shared learning at team meetings
6.2	Link staff are trained and current with IP practice and policies.	Ward Manager to support attendance at a minimum of 2 days training sessions a year.	IP link staff have attended a training session this quarter.	Ward/Dept Manager	Training records
6.5	All clinical staff Adult and Paeds across UHL must be FFP3 mask fit tested or provided with a suitable alternative.	Records to be kept locally and must be available for inspection of requested. Quarterly report on progress against Risk assessment for FFP3 Mask or alternatives to TIPAC	Quarterly report to be provided to TIPAC.	IPT Lead	Training records
6.6	All staff who insert invasive devices including blood cultures must have completed the ANTT online theory learning package prior to attending the clinical skills dept for practical training and assessment	Clinical Skills Passport monthly review of CMG data by CMG IP group. Exception report if compliance < 90% to CMGQSB	All staff inserted invasive devices have completed an LCAT assessment on ANTT	Ward/Dept Manager	Training records
7.1	All in patient areas to implement the use of the Isolation (SI) risk assessment (RA) sticker for the placement of patients who require SI. The sticker that is to be completed and placed in the medical notes	Quarterly audit of 10 sets of patient notes. 100% compliance expected. Where non-compliance identified the Ward Manager to ensure action is taken to rectify.	Review 5 sets of notes: If the patient requires source isolation has the yellow risk assessment been completed and placed in the medical or nursing notes?	Ward/Dept Manager	Nursing metrics

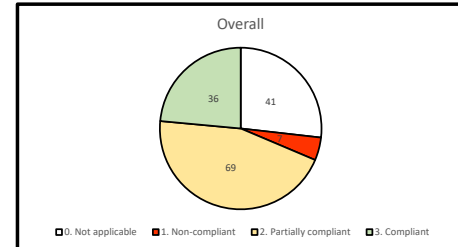
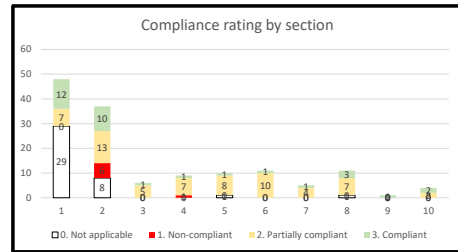
8.4	CRO Screening for patients readmitted/admitted to hospital.	Ward Managers to ensure all staff are aware of the requirements to screen readmissions/admissions for CRO	Review 5 sets of notes: Has CRO screening been completed on admission accordingly	Ward/Dept Manager	
8.4	Respiratory screening compliance to be monitored and remain above 95%	Ward managers to ensure all staff are aware of the requirements to screen readmissions/admissions for respiratory viruses	Review 5 sets of notes: Has respiratory screening been undertaken accordingly.	Ward/Dept Manager	

Compliance rating by section

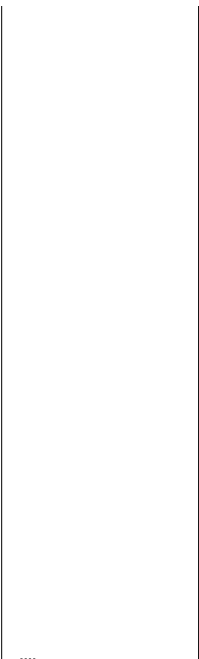
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0. Not applicable	29	8	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
1. Non-compliant	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. Partially compliant	7	13	5	7	8	10	4	7	0	2
3. Compliant	12	10	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	2

Overall

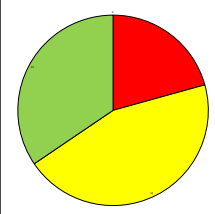
Status	No
0. Not applicable	41
1. Non-compliant	7
2. Partially compliant	69
3. Compliant	36



Code	Activity	Start	End	Category	Sub-category	Priority	Status	Impact	Score
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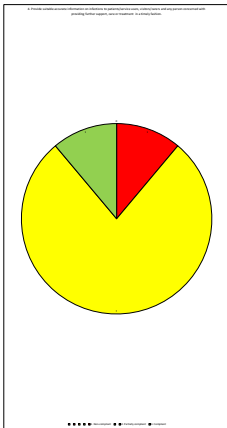
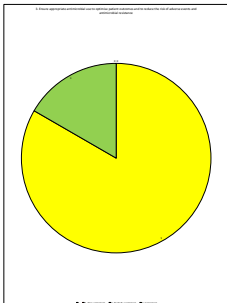


A horizontal bar chart showing data distribution across categories. The bars are colored in shades of green and yellow. The x-axis represents a numerical scale from 0 to 100.

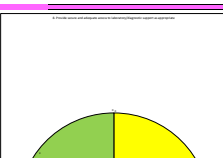
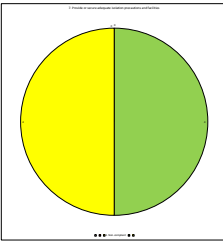
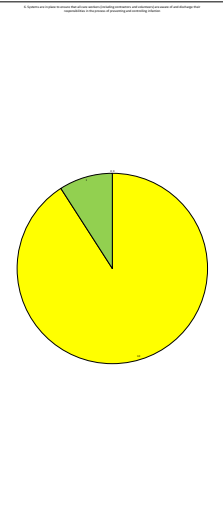
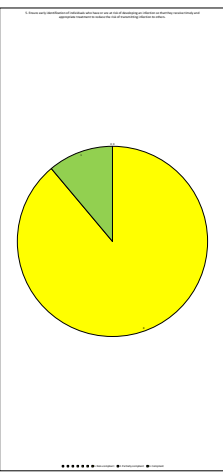


A pie chart with three segments: a large yellow segment, a medium green segment, and a smaller red segment. The segments represent different proportions of the total data.

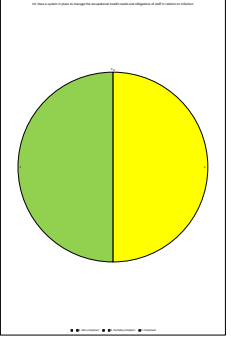
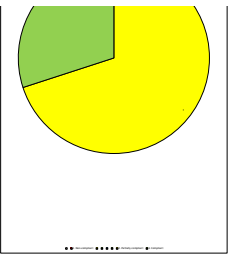
ID	Title	Description	Status	Priority	Category	Sub-category	Phase	Start	End	Progress	Risk	Impact	Owner	Assignee	Status Legend		
															Actual	Planned	
1	Project A	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Project B	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Project C	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Project D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Project E	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Project F	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Project G	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Project H	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Project I	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Project J	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Project K
12	Project L
13	Project M
14	Project N
15	Project O
16	Project P
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22	Project V
23	Project W
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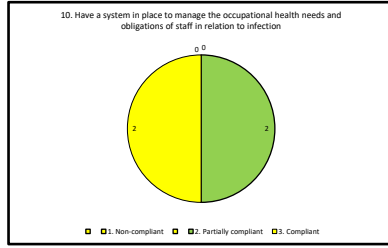
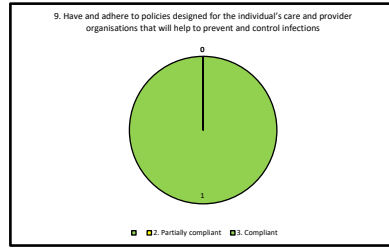
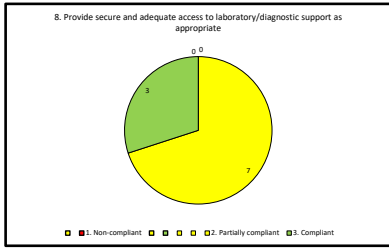
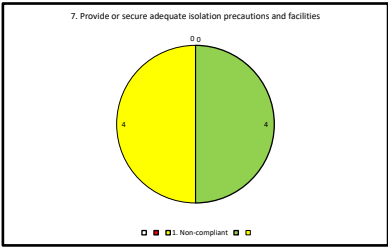
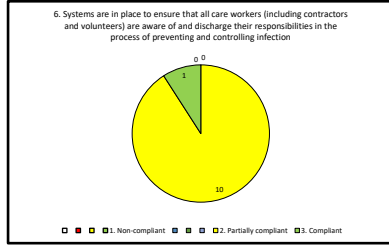
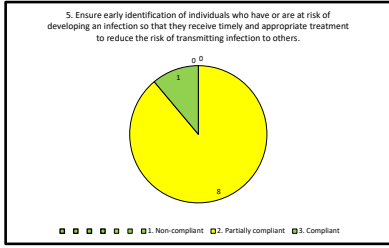
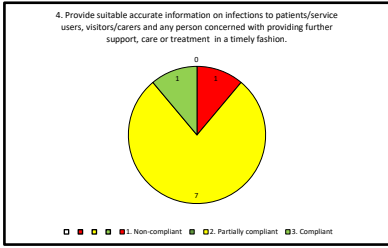
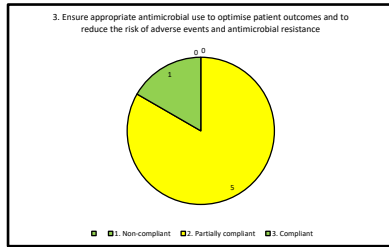
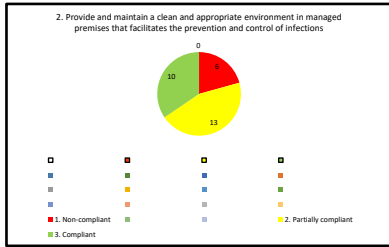
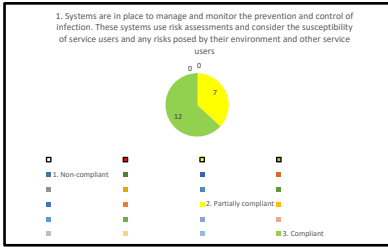


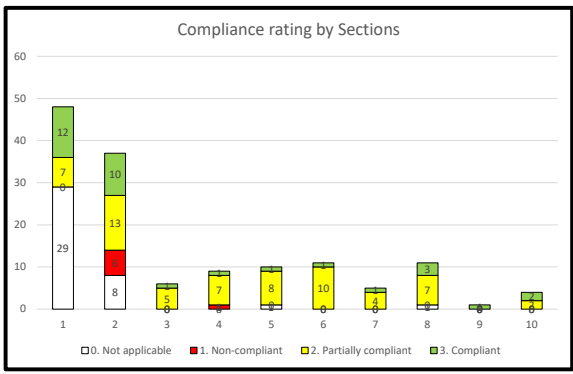
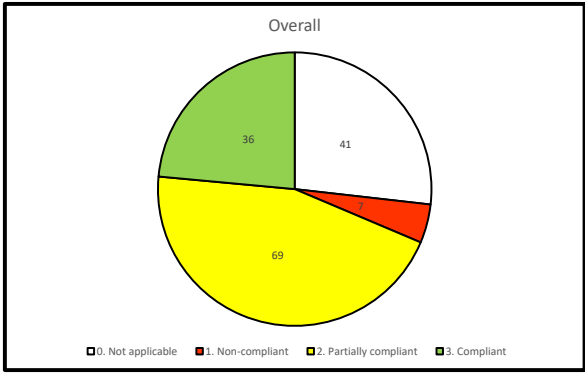
Code	Activity	Unit	Level	Year	Hours	Prerequisites	Learning Objectives	Assessment	Notes
10	Introduction to the course	10	1	1	1				
11	...	11	1	1	1				
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100	...	100	1	1	1				



ID	Description	Status	Priority	Category	Sub-category	Phase	Start	End	Progress	Risk	Impact	Owner	Responsible	Assigned	Completed	Closed	Archived	Summary			
																		Count	Percentage		
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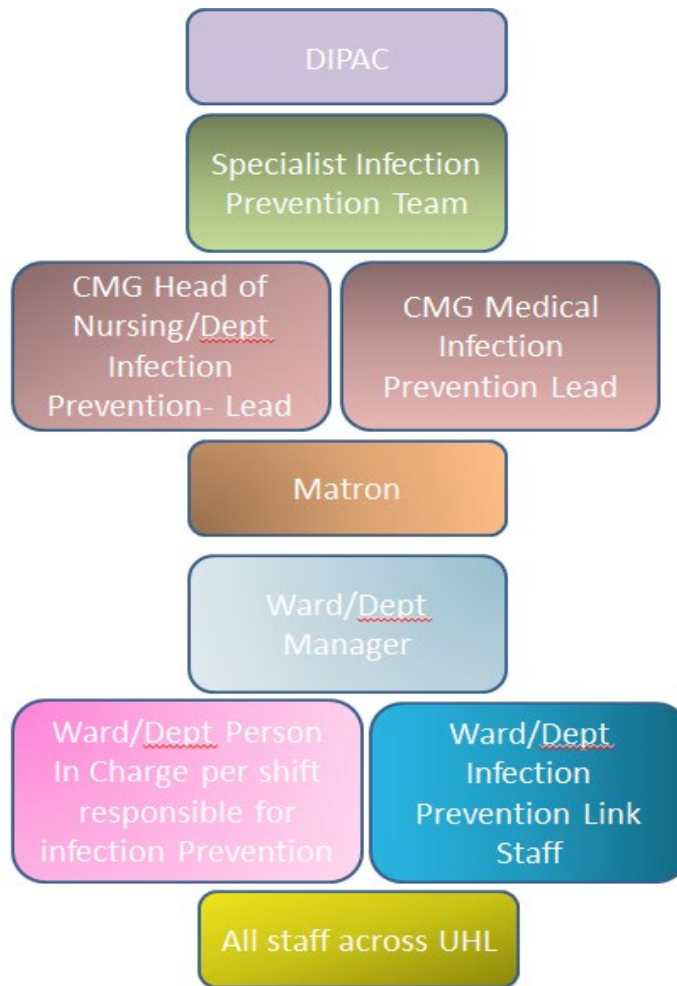


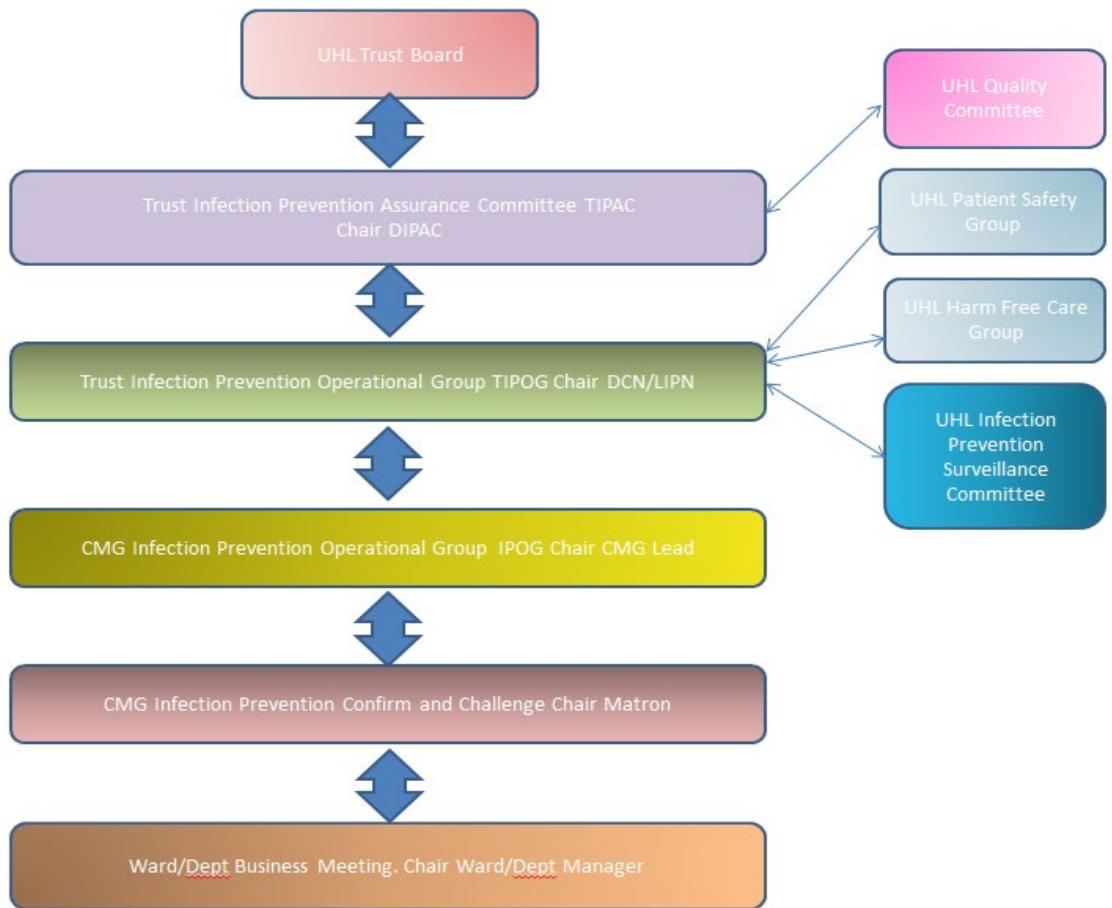




Criterion	Action required	By Whom	By When	RAG	Comments
2.1	NCS task and finish meeting is progressing actions required within the designated timelines	NCS working group	06.10.2023		
4.1	IP communication strategy is agreed via TIPAC annually	Head of Communications	6.10.2023		







QC	Quality Committee
CC	Confirm and challenge
TIPAC	Trust infection Prevention Assurance Committee
TIPOG	Trust infection Prevention Operational Group
CMG	Clinical Management Group
IP	Infection Prevention
DIPC	Director of Infection Prevention
IPOG	Infection Prevention Operational Group
SIPN	Senior Infection Prevention Nurse
IPN	Infection Prevention Nurse
ToR	Terms of References
HASCAT	Health and Social Care Act
HTM	Health Technical Memorandum
IPT	Infection Prevention Team
ANTT	Aseptic Non Touch Technique
LCAT	Leicester Competency Assessment Tool
AHP	Allied Health Professional
QSB	Quality Safety Board
HoN	Head of Nursing
EPP	Exposure Prone Procedure
HH	Hand hygiene
OH	Occupational Health
BBV	Blood borne virus
HCAI	Health care associated infection
ICCQIP	Infection in critical care quality improvement programme
SSI	Surgical site infection
CDT	Clostridiodes Difficile Test
CDI	Clostridiodes Difficile Infection
VHF	Viral haemorrhagic fever
ICB	Intergrated care board
BSI	Blood stream infection
MRSA	Methicilian resistant staphylococcus aureus
MSSA	Methicilian sensitive staphylococcus aureus
NCS	National cleaning standard
UKHSA	UK Health security agency
NIC	Nurse In Charge
CRO	Carbapenem resistant organism
FR	Functional Risk
UKAS	United Kingdom accredited labs
E&F	Estates and facilities
PPE	Personal protective equipment
FFP3	Face filtering piece
JD	Job description
SCIPs	Standard control infection prevention
TBPs	Transmission based precautions
PII	Period of increased incidence
AA	Assessment and accreditation
TB	Tuberculosis
NC	Nerve centre
LLR	Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland